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Strasburg, May 22.

PRince William of Furstemberg, whom we already look upon as our new Bishop, knowing the French King has so designed him, is expected here in few days: The Chapter is to meet the next week, and the Baron de Monclar, and the Sieur de la Grange, the French Intendant in Alsace, are to assist at the Election, as the Kings Commissioners. The Troops of the Kings Household march towards Lorrain, and we have Letters which say that the King himself is expected at Nancy.

Brussels, June 3. To Morrow his Excellency the Marquis de Grana parts from Antwerp for Flanders, to visit the several Garisons in that Province, and it's believed, his Excellency will likewise take a turn through the other Provinces, before he comes back hither. His Excellency has ordered a second Months Pay to the Army, resolving to have the Troops paid very punctually. The Custom-House that was brought from Fort St. Mary, near this City, by order of the Prince of Parma, is by his Excellencies Command removed back to the place where it was before; His Excellency is likewise making some alteration in the Duties that are paid, which will be a great ease to the People. On Monday Mr. Howard, Envoy Extraordinary from His Majesty of Great Britain, had his Audience of his Excellency at Antwerp, by whom he was received with great Kindness and Respect.

Brussels, June 5. According to what we told you in our last, the Marquis de Grana parted two days since from Antwerp, to visit the Garisons of Flanders. We hear that the French Troops in the new Conquests are Marching, being to Encamp in two Bodies, the one between Cambray and Bouchain, and the other near Aire. Our Letters from Germany tell us, That the Emperor had ordered his Ambassadors at Francfort to insist upon a Restoration of what the most Christian King has possessed himself of since the departure of his Ambassadors from Paris, and particularly of the City of Strasburg: And this Morning arrived here an express from Vienna, who understanding his Excellency is in Flanders, made no stay here, but went on to deliver the Letters he is charged with, to his Excellency. It is said that among other things this Express brings an account that the Imperial Troops are marching towards the Rhine.

Hague, June 5. The Prince of Orange came to Town, yesterday from Honflaerdyke, and was present in the Assembly of the States of Holland, who are at present taken up with the particular Affairs of the Province. The Heer Van Canterstein had this Week his first Audience of the States General, as Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Sweden.

Marseilles, May 28. They are fitting out here 15 Gallies with all imaginable diligence, and it's said they will be ready to Sail in five or six days, they are to joyn the Sieur du Quesne, who is daily expected, with the Ships under his Command, at Thoulon: the Duke de Mortemar, and several other Persons of Quality, intend to go as Volentiers, and Monsieur

de Nauailles is to Command the Gallies: The Rendezvous is at Port Mahon, and it's not doubted but this Expedition is designed against the Algerines.

Paris, June 6. The King has given the Government of Languedoc, vacant by the Death of the Duke de Verneuil, (for whom the Court is now in Mourning) to the Duke de Maine, and has appointed the Duke de Noailles to have the Administration of it, and to act as Governour during the Duke de Maines Minority. Monsieur du Quesne is every day expected at Thoulon, where he will leave the Ships he brings with him from the Levant, and will immediately Sail again with five Men of War, that lie ready there, and fifteen Gallies for Argiers, and will joyn ten Men of War more, that are now Cruising on those Coasts. The Sieur Centurioni of Genoa, a Man of great Experience in Sea Affairs, with the Duke of Mortemar, and several other Persons of Quality, go as Volentiers in this Expedition. We are told of a new Brief that came the last week from Rome, directed to the King, in which it's said the Pope admonishes his Majesty to cause the Clergy of this Kingdom to change their Conduct, concluding that this is the last time he will write, and that if it have not the effect, he hopes it will, he must think of applying what other Remedy he can. We formerly told you, that the first President accompanied with several Counsellors and the Attorney-General, had caused the late Declaration of the Clergy concerning the Ecclesiastical Power, and the Kings Edict upon it, to be Registred in the Sarbonne, (as well as in the University, &c.) which it seems was done, without any preceeding Deliberation or Consent of the Doctors of that Faculty, who are therefore not well pleased; and in their Assembly on Monday last, after a warm Debate, they appointed a Committee to Examine what had passed in this Affair, and to make a Report.

Windsor, May 30. The Addresses which follow have been presented to His Majesty, who received them with His wonted Grace and Goodness.

To the Kings most Excellent Majesty.

The Humble Address of the Grand Jury for the City, and County of Lichfield, at the General Quarter-Sessions of the Peace holden at the Guildhall of the said City of Lichfield, the Seven and twentieth day of April, in the Four and thirtieth Year of Your Majesties most happy Reign.

May it please Your Majesty,

WE had thought Your Majesties late Declarations and Actions so satisfactory to all Your Subjects, that there could not have been found in this our Israel a Shimei confident enough to utter his dislike of either, but to our infinite amazement we see the Spirit of Division still endeavours to keep its ground, and by subtil insinuations, would foment those Differences which may disturb Your Government, but will most certainly prove destructive to this Kingdom. An instance whereof Your Majesty hath been pleased to give us in publishing the Project of an Association found amongst the Papers of the Earl of Shaftsbury, which though pretended for the security of the Protestant Religion, is but a Trans-

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